

DAILY RECORD

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1873.

The Business Office of the PIONEER DAILY RECORD will be hereafter in the office of H. R. Broakey, at Michael's cigar store, Main street, opposite Meadow Valley.

EXPENSES OF FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Fire Marshal Durkee, of San Francisco, has compiled a table of fire statistics from which the Bulletin gleams the following information: London, with a population of 3,500,000 and covering an area of 122 square miles, has 31 steam engines and 396 firemen; last year the first in that city numbered 1,434, and the cost of the department was \$400,000. Berlin, population 1,200,000, has 249 firemen; yearly cost of department, \$140,000. New York, population 1,100,000, has 38 steam engines, 15 hook and ladder companies and 629 men; fire last year, 1,380; cost of department, \$397,266. Philadelphia, population, 725,000, has 21 engines, 5 hook and ladder companies, 353 firemen; fire last year, 655; cost of department, \$407,737. St. Louis, population, 353,000; has 11 engines and 110 firemen; fire last year, 107; cost of department, \$166,315. Chicago, population, 350,000; has 10 engines and 201 firemen; fire last year, 489; cost of department, \$382,000. Baltimore, population, 275,000; has 10 engines, 3 hook and ladder companies and 151 firemen; fire last year, 172; cost of department, \$160,635. Boston, population, 275,000, has 21 engines, 7 hook and ladder companies and 450 firemen; fire last year, 389; cost of department, \$400,000. Cincinnati, population, 350,000; has 22 engines and 213 firemen; fire last year, 213; cost of department, \$381,935. San Francisco, estimate population, 178,276; has 9 engines, 2 hook and ladder companies and 183 firemen; fire last year, 221; cost of department, \$196,352. It will be seen that the expenses of the fire department of San Francisco are in excess of every other city named except St. Louis and Baltimore. In his last annual report Chief Engineer Scannell failed to give the expense of the department of that city, but the Auditor's books show the cost to have been \$196,352.41, divided as follows: salaries, \$110,388.81; material, \$24,481.21; running expenses, \$43,689.59; office rent and expenses, \$1,061.05; hydrants, etc., \$7,818.50; new houses and repairs, \$11,110.25. The expenses of the San Francisco department for 1871 were \$171,673.83, and for 1870 the expenses were \$169,928.52.

THE LAST DISGRACE.

This is the caption of an article in the New York Tribune detailing the Carpenter scandal. Senator Carpenter, it will be recalled went into the Senate in 1869 from the State of Wisconsin. It was his first term in Congress, but he showed talent, and he soon gained the favor of other Senators, particularly those of the Republican party. He is among the few Congressmen who have had the audacity to stand before the public and defend the salary grab; but he did it. He is now President of the Senate pro tem., and in case of the death or inability of the Vice President, or where he might be called to fill the Presidential office, this man Carpenter would perform the duties pertaining to the second office in the land. And should both President and Vice President be removed by death or rendered incompetent, Mr. Carpenter would become ex-officio President of the United States. The particulars of the eminent gentleman's immoral conduct have not been developed, but that they are of a most damaging nature will appear by the following from the Tribune:

We are not in the midst of a lot of campaign, and as there is no reason for attacking private character or retelling political scandal or similar gossip, so there is no excuse for suppressing the truth when its publication is needed, and no pretext for attributing it to partisanship or prejudice. Distinguished public men, Representatives and Senators in Congress, have had the effrontery to stand up in Congress, and before their constituents, and undertake to defend as shameless a breach of public trust as ever was thrust in the face of a decent people, and instead of a hot outburst of indignation, there has been only a sort of sickening self-seeking gasp. Resolutions have been developed in all departments of the Government that should keep our prisons more than full were justice done; legislation has been bought and sold, and corporations have in the most dissipated and unbecoming manner bought seats in the Senate for their retained attorneys; the legislature has become a market place, and the polls are arena for violence and bribery; and we settle down to our lower standards of morality, our debasing tendencies and constantly deteriorating moral sense with complacent calmness as to the natural and inevitable.

How far shall we let this numbness of perception, this utter deadness to all sense of shame, carry us? Granted that in the fierceness of our money-getting passion we may put convenience out of court entirely, and sacrifice everything to the main chance, shall we stop at that? Or are we to have sitting at benches as household gods all shames and crimes? The last great scandal, touched lightly by the press, but bruited everywhere now, is not of avarice and greed, but of intemperance and lust. Open, public, brazen, flaunted in the faces of decent wives and mothers, and of pure daughters and sisters, a shame, lust-fronted, slovenly and beastly. Between the sensual sex of brilliant intellect but vile associations and depraved habits, whose lately set himself and parliament on public exhibition in this city and at Long Branch—between him and the Presidency of the United States are but two lives, and one of them of frailty and ruin. Is the nation drunken that it sees this large disgrace paraded under its very eyes, and takes into its nostrils the stench of the offense, and makes no sign of nausea? Has dead and buried decency no resurrection? Who and where is the clear thinking statesman—no, not statesman, common man—every day man—hard-bitten, rough and hearty, but honest way down, true to wife and family and his own town, who will roll away the stone from the sepulcher of public virtue? The time calls for him. A country waits his coming. A nation bowed down by the shame brought on it by its traitor servants, with its face to the dust, pays in its anguish for some convulsion that shall rend the heavens and purify the air. And the United States Senate—what is its duty? Has it any self-respect left?

Telegraphic Dispatches

SPECIAL TO THE PIONEER DAILY RECORD.

Eastern Dispatches.

Railroad Accident near Rochester, N. Y.—The Fire at Belfast, Me.—Government Receipts and Expenditures for the Year ending June 30—Homicide in New York—Sentences about the Goodrich Murder—Heavy Storm in New York.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 25. As the express train, due here at 10 o'clock this evening, was approaching Batavia, it ran into a carriage, killing both the occupants. The engine struck the haunches of the horse attached to the carriage, killing it and rendering the carriage a complete wreck. The names of those in the carriage are James Anderson and Dennis Delany. One of them was thrown a number of yards into a field. The other was dragged along until the train stopped. His body was horribly mangled. The engineer, John Day, stopped the train as soon as possible, and got off the engine to see what injury had been done. In passing in front of the locomotive he saw it covered with blood and brains. He was so overcome by the shock that he walked but a few steps and fell. He was carried into the smoking car and died in a few minutes.

Belfast, Me., Aug. 25. In answer to inquiries whether aid is needed, the Mayor telegraphed as follows: "Belfast will accept with gratitude whatever pecuniary aid may be offered. She needs it for the second time within eight years, but is compelled to do so now. The amount of insurance was only \$125,000, and but a small part of this will go to the poor and destitute sufferers."

Washington, Aug. 25. Receipts and expenditures of the Government by warrants for the quarter ending June 30, 1873: Net receipts from customs, \$40,866,443; from internal revenue, \$29,230,787; from sales of public land, \$772,907; miscellaneous sources, \$6,938,847. Total receipts, \$77,808,684. Net expenditures: For civil and miscellaneous, \$19,641,692; War Department, \$11,267,613; Navy Department, \$4,866,073; Indians and pensions, \$8,305,682; interest on public debt, \$14,777,957; premium on bonds, \$540,954. Total expenditures, \$59,449,316.

New York, Aug. 25. No cable dispatches have been received since Saturday night, owing to trouble on connecting land lines.

In the case of Michael C. Broderick, the alleged murderer of his son early Friday morning, by stabbing him twice in the heart, the Coroner's jury to-day rendered a verdict to the effect that the stabbing was done in self-defense. The Coroner committed Broderick to the Tombs. Bail will be fixed to-morrow.

The San Francisco cable is arrived here to-day, and reached the Seventh Reg. ment's army, which has been placed at their disposal during their stay here.

New York, Aug. 26. Some one who affects to know, gives this story in connection with the Goodrich murder, the interest in which has been revived by the recent action of the police authorities. Kate Stoddard, when she was known by her true name of Betsy King, went to school where there were four Spaniards, and one of them was called Roscoe. She was attached to the young man, and before she disappeared from her parents' abode she was regarded as his betrothed. She is said to have renewed this acquaintance afterwards in New York, and this, too, at the time when Goodrich appeared on the scene. This Roscoe is probably the man to whom Laurette Myers points as the one who killed Goodrich for robbing him of the affections of Kate Stoddard.

N. L. Lancaster, of Chicago, returning there for the benefit of his health, arrived from Europe Saturday, having with him thirty thousand dollars worth of diamonds, obtained in the gold fields of South Africa. On landing at the pier Custom officer Livingston took from Lancaster a small satchel containing the diamonds and declared them seized, alleging that Lancaster denied having dutiable goods. The latter gentleman, however, asserts that he told the inspector he had diamonds, and accounted for their possession by saying he had dog some and purchased others in South Africa. He also claims that there is no duty on uncut diamonds, and denies he made any attempt at concealment, having displayed them among his fellow passengers, and refused offers of purchase, desiring them for his own use. Lancaster goes to Washington to demand the restoration of his property. He bears affidavits from his late associate travelers, certifying to the truthfulness of his statements.

Pacific Coast. Political Jumble in San Francisco—Billiard Tournament—Democratic State Convention Called—Murder Trial in San Francisco—Deadly Assault—Fire at Benicia.

San Francisco, August 25. A motion, made last night in the Democratic municipal convention, to appoint a new committee of conference with the legislative convention, was lost. The convention will meet again to-night.

The People's Protective Alliance adopted resolutions endorsing the anti-Chinese sentiments expressed by Booth in his inaugural and recent speech.

The Platt's Hall society has determined to nominate a ticket.

The billiard tournament is not very largely patronized yet. In the games yesterday Mott beat Little, Kraker beat Terrill, and McCleary beat Wait. The players did not produce any very brilliant performances. J. W. Little and L. Perkins will play this afternoon.

The Democratic State Central Committee orders the State Convention to be held at Sacramento on the 20th. The appointment gives each county one delegate for every two hundred votes, and one for every fraction over one hundred delegates, who are to be elected by the popular vote in each county in the State. All Democrats, and all persons opposed to the national administration, are invited to participate in the election of delegates.

San Francisco, August 26. The trial of W. J. Bryan for the murder of a Chinaman, concluded to-day. The case is by the jury.

Wm. R. Sprague, on board the Revenue cutter Oliver Wolcott, struck Henri Quintin with a capstan bar, fracturing his skull. He lies in a critical condition at the hospital. Sprague was arrested.

John Jay, master of the ship Coriath, now in port from Cork, has given into custody the sailor who confesses to a long list of robberies and murders, committed here or elsewhere. Detectives are working up his case, but it is believed that he is a lunatic.

Benicia, Cal., August 26. About 4 o'clock this afternoon a fire broke out in a coal shed, near the Benicia Brewery. In ten minutes after it was discovered all the rear buildings, including the barn, filled with hay, were entirely enveloped in flames. The fire is finally subdued, and at present everything is considered out of danger. Loss \$5,000 to \$8,000. Insured.

Foreign News. Shipwrecked—Arrival of Destitute English Children—Loss of Ship St. Louis.

Halifax, August 26. A severe storm, accompanied by thunder, passed over this city Saturday night and Sunday morning. The gale was the heaviest in many years. Several small yachts were smashed at their anchorage. The frigate Powhatan dragged her anchor and drifted to the Ordnance wharf, where she was secured. Steam was kept up all day Sunday in readiness for any emergency.

The schooner Momento, which left St. John on June 19th, is believed to be lost with seven passengers, all on board. The body of one of the passengers has been picked up in that harbor.

Miss Bird and her party of one hundred destitute English children have arrived.

The ship St. Louis, with a general cargo from Liverpool for Philadelphia, struck on Jib rock and sank. Crew saved.

INFANTICIDE IN CHURCHILL COUNTY. The operator at Stillwater telegraphs that a man and woman have been begging around town about a week; that the woman gave birth to a child, which the man killed about twelve miles from West Gate. The man was arrested and taken to the jail at Stillwater.

CALIFORNIA, Massachusetts, and New York were the States which suffered most by the depredations of the Alabama during the late war. California's share of the \$15,000,000 awarded will be about \$4,000,000, and San Francisco will get the bulk of that. The money will be paid over some time next month.

The Democratic State Central Committee of California has issued a call for a State Convention to be held at Sacramento on the 20th of September for the nomination of one or more Justices of the Supreme Court.

The San Francisco correspondent of the American Newspaper Reporter gives these interesting items:

It may be noted as a fair example of newspaper enterprise that the Pacific coast, that the Bulletin incurred an expenditure of about \$2,000 for its reports of the Modoc difficulty—paid for carriers, telegraphing and correspondent's expenses. A single dispatch, that giving the trial of Captain Jack, was received at a cost of \$240.

A new evening journal of moderate pretensions, styled the United Irishman, appeared in San Francisco on July 21; T. O'Leary, editor and proprietor. The title was probably suggested from one of the disintegrated Irishmen occasionally seen in the Police Court dock, patched together with bandages and sticking plaster.

One of the veteran printers of the Pacific Coast is Dave Norris, who arrived in California with Stevenson's regiment, from New York, before the gold discovery in 1848. For many years he was night foreman of the Bulletin, but recently has retired to the enjoyment of pastoral life on his ranch across the bay.

Compositors are leaving San Francisco for other points on the coast, and a few are traveling eastward, which circumstance may be taken as a hint by those of the craft elsewhere, who might better "bear the ills they have than fly to others that they know not of."

The writings of the lamented John Phoenix (Lieut. Derby), one of the most brilliant writers of his day in San Francisco, are being prepared for reproduction in book form by a local publisher.

Two hundred divorce lawyers of Chicago are in mourning over the silver wedding that occurred there inadvertently last week. They ask for a suspension of public opinion, since this is the first time they have slipped up.

Mining boots only \$5 at S. Ashim & Bro's.

A hat given to every one that buys a suit at S. Ashim & Bro's.

Cheap!—White, brown and black canvas shoes at S. Ashim & Bro's.

PIONEER NEWS DEPT., Main street.—C. Wiederhold.

For the very best of dental work go to F. C. Nichols, Dentist, Main street.

Your To-Day.

A. B. O'DOUGHERTY, Attorney-at-Law.

Office on Meadow Valley Street, Opposite No. 7. aug27-4f

Lost.

LOST, BETWEEN THE DEXTER STABLES and Main street, a package of PAPERS. The party finding the same will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at Army Hall. Pioche, August 27, 1873. aug27-4f

ADOLPH COHN & BRO.,

SUCCESSORS TO M. COHN, Wholesale & Retail Dealers

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

And everything else appertaining to an establishment of this kind. All accounts due M. Cohn are payable to the undersigned. ADOLPH COHN & BRO. Pioche, December 12, 1872. d-2-4f

Notice of Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of James S. Smith & Co., Stock Brokers, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. James S. Smith will continue the business of buying and selling stocks on commission at the former place of business on Main street, under the firm name of James S. Smith & Co. JAMES S. SMITH. Pioche, Nov., July 23, 1873. j23-4w

THOMPSON & GAUDIN, SUCCESSORS TO A. C. GORDON, IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors & Cigars

Fire-Proof Building, Lacour street,

Next Door north of the Postoffice, POCHE - - - - - NEVADA.

Goods Taken on Storage.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE A

Sample Room

Is attached, where nothing but fine Liquors selected from the above stock will be dispensed, which will be provided for by Mr. A. McALISTER who will be glad to see his old friends. aug27-4f

H. LEWIS, DEALER IN

CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Brick Building, Main Street, joloit Near Meadow Valley.

SROUFE, SWEENEY & CO.,

Commission Merchants

Wholesale Dealers in Provisions,

Notice.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST S. C. BARNES are requested to present the same at the Dexter Stables, on or before the 1st day of September. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the said S. C. Barnes will please pay the same immediately, or suit will be commenced for its recovery. S. C. BARNES. aug27-4w

LUMBER, LUMBER!

SHERWOOD & BRO.,

MAIN STREET, POCHE,

CAN SUPPLY ALL KINDS

FOR SALE.

A Great Bargain!

H. SOLIS,

INTENDING TO RETIRE FROM BUSINESS,

POCHE, THE PREMISES ARE CENTRALLY LOCATED.

THE STORE IS FULLY FITTED UP FOR A RETAIL BUSINESS.

THE FIRE-PROOF BUILDING, EVERY KIND OF STOCK AND A FULL STOCK OF GOODS FROM THE GREAT EAST OF 1871.

STOCK IN TRADE FOR SALE

AT COST PRICE!

All information and particulars furnished upon application on the premises.

Debtor and Creditors, call and settle.

H. R. Broakey,

MINING RECORDER,

NOTARY PUBLIC

CONVEYANCER;

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS FOR CALIFORNIA AND UTAH;

COLLECTIONS MADE.

Office, Main Street,

Pioche Bakery.

QUILLEN & DONAHOE,

Dealers in Groceries,

WINE AND LIQUORS.

Meadow Valley St.

The highest price paid for Utah Produce.

Proposals.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR THE REMOVAL

OF THE BOOKS, RECORDS, BLANKS AND FURNITURE

OF THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEVADA, TO POCHE, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEVADA, WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE REGISTER AND

UNTIL MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1873.

Each bid must be accompanied by satisfactory references, and the successful applicant be ready to perform the service immediately upon receipt of the acceptance of his bid. The bid must be made upon a paper currency basis.

Address all proposals to Register and Receiver, Belmont, Nevada.

W. N. GRANGER, Register.

P. S. SINE, Receiver.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS KNOWING THEMSELVES

TO BE INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE OF THE LATE JOHN H. LYNCH are requested to come forward and liquidate such indebtedness without delay.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IDAHO RESTAURANT,

LACOUR STREET.

(Late Capitol Restaurant.)

REPUTED AND THOROUGHLY RENOWNED.

Meals served in the best style, and at all hours.

Board, per week, Ten Dollars

Single Meals, 75 Cents

aug26-4f

Lost.

ON SUNDAY, THE 24th INST., A GOLD CROSS

WITH "ENAMELED CRUCIFIXION ON ONE SIDE" AND CHAIN, WAS LOST BETWEEN THE CATHOLIC CHURCH AND MY RESIDENCE ON MEADOW VALLEY STREET.

The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at my house on Meadow Valley street, directly opposite Cedar.

Mrs. D. MURPHY.

Pioche, August 25, 1873.

MINE WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A MINE,

which shows good prospects, to warrant

outlay of capital, or will advance capital toward

developing. Owners of such property, who can

offer inducements, can find a purchaser by ad-

dressing Lock Box Four Hundred and Thirty-

four (434), San Francisco Postoffice. Give full

particulars as to location of mine, amount of

work done, character of ore, what mines in vicin-

ity, condition of title, terms, etc., number of

feet, and how opened.

P. HETZELMANN.

aug26-4f

Wanted.

INFORMATION OF GEORGE MCILVERLY,

or his address. Any one knowing his where-

abouts will confer a favor by addressing

W. L. WILSON,

White River, Nev.

Hotels, Restaurants Etc.

PURCHASE

Walker House.

HAVING THIS DAY PURCHASED THE

Walker House, we are now in possession

of the two best hotels in Salt Lake City. Of the

Walker House we deem it unnecessary to say

anything in its behalf, its splendid design and

elegant equipment being well known to the

public.

The CLIFT HOUSE, though not so well

known as the Walker House—having been

open but a few weeks—is first-class in all its

appointments, the building being new and the

furnishings of the most fashionable and elegant

style. The location of this house is central and

commands a splendid view of the lake and ever

snow-capped mountains and surrounding scenery.

Its local reputation is superior to that of any

other house in the city.

With the above facilities at our command we

feel assured in guaranteeing satisfaction to all.

Respectfully, etc.

KITCHEN BROS.

aug13-4f

MEADOW VALLEY

HOTEL.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BECOME

the proprietor of the above Hotel,

(Formerly known as Rich's Hotel),

Will conduct the same in his own name. The

patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

P. HETZELMANN.

Ballouville, July 8, 1873.

GROVE HOUSE,

Lower Main Street, opposite Boone & Dolman's Hay Yard.

Railroads.